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中国科学院科技战略咨询研究院 Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences Clarivate<sup>™</sup> 科睿唯安<sup>™</sup>

# Research Fronts: Active Fields, Leading Countries

Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences

Clarivate



Science and technology are universal and epochal, and the development of science and technology must be viewed from a global perspective. At present, major breakthroughs and accelerated applications of technological innovation have been instrumental in reshaping the global economic structure and transforming the arena of industrial and economic competition. The "Research Fronts 2020" report is a prequel to another survey, "Research Fronts 2020: Active Fields, Leading Countries," having selected and discussed 110 hot fronts and 38 emerging fronts in 11 broad research areas. Based on the findings of "Research Fronts 2020," the second report uses the Research Leadership Index to assess the research activity of the world's major countries and to observe how that activity, in the face of global competition in innovation and technological advancement, is demonstrated in these Research Fronts.



#### 1 Methodology

#### 1.1 The logic model of Research Leadership Index (RLI)

The Research Leadership Index (RLI) is a comprehensive evaluation index to measure the degree of activity in Research Fronts. Since a Research Front itself is composed of a group of highly cited core papers along with subsequent papers that cite the core literature, the design of the Research Leadership Index takes into account the numbers of the core papers and citing papers, as well as their respective citations. These calculations underlie two indicators: Output Share and Citation Share. The logical model of Research Leadership Index (RLI) is shown in Figure 1.

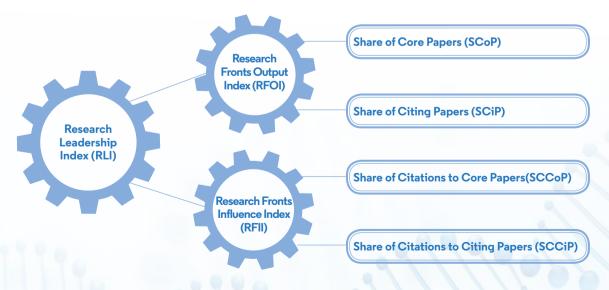


Fig. 1. The logic model of Research Leadership Index (RLI)

The objects measured by the Research Leadership Index can be countries, cities, institutions, laboratories, teams, and individual scientists. Each object can be measured at three levels: Research Front level, area level, and a level within the context of 11 broad research areas.

# 1.2 Research Leadership Index of country (RLI<sub>c</sub>)

This report calculated the Research Leadership Index of main countries at the Research Front level, area level, and the level of all 11 broad research areas. Based on that, we determined the degree of activity in innovation and its pattern within the main countries as reflected in Research Fronts, and revealed the sources of research vitality in various countries. The methods for calculation and analysis are as follows:

### 1.2.1 Research Leadership Index of a country in a Research Front ( $RLI_{Cij}$ )

The Research Leadership Index is a comprehensive evaluation index to measure the degree of activity of a country as reflected in Research Fronts, including two aspects of the output and citation influence of papers in the fronts. The equation for Research Leadership Index of Country in a Research Front (RLI<sub>CFF</sub>) is:

$$RLI_{Cij} = RFOI_{Cij} + RFII_{Cij} = \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j} + \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j} + \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j} + \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

 $\operatorname{RFOl}_{\operatorname{Cij}}$  is the Research Fronts Output Index of a country,  $\operatorname{RFII}_{\operatorname{Cij}}$  is the Research Fronts Influence Index of a country; j represents the Research Front, and i represents each country.

#### (1) Research Fronts Output Index of a country (RFOI<sub>Cij</sub>)

The Research Fronts Output Index of a country ( $\text{RFOI}_{Cij}$ ) is the relative share of the number of papers (core papers and citing papers) contributed by a country to a Research Front.  $\text{RFOI}_{Cij}$  is equal to the sum of the two indicators  $\text{SCoP}_{Cij}$  and  $\text{SCiP}_{Cij}$ 

$$RFOI_{Cij} = SCoP_{Cij} + SCiP_{Cij} = \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j} + \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j}$$

A country's Share of Core Papers in a Research Front  $(SCoP_{Cij})$  indicates the percentage of  $CoP_{ij}$  in  $CoP_{j}$ .

$$\text{SCoP}_{Cij} = \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j}$$

*CoP<sub>ij</sub>* represents the number of core papers published by country i in Research Front j; *CoP<sub>j</sub>* represents the number of core papers in Research Front j.

A country's Share of Citing Paper in a Research Front  $(SCiP_{Cij})$  indicates the percentage of  $CiP_{ij}$  in  $CiP_{j}$ .

$$\mathrm{SCiP}_{Cij} = \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j}$$

 $CiP_{ij}$  represents the number of citing papers published by country i in Research Front j;  $CiP_j$  represents the number of Citing papers in Research Front j.

#### (2) Research Fronts Influence Index of a country ( $RFII_{Cij}$ )

The Research Fronts Influence Index of a country ( $RFII_{Cij}$ ) is the relative share of the citation of papers (core papers and citing papers) a country contributed to a Research Front.  $RFII_{Cij}$  is equal to the sum of the two indicators  $SCCoP_{Cij}$  and  $SCCiP_{Cij}$ .

$$RFII_{Cij} = SCCoP_{Cij} + SCCiP_{Cij} = \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j} + \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

A country's Share of Core Paper Citation for a Research Front (SCCoP<sub>Cij</sub>) indicates the percentage of  $CoC_{ij}$  in  $CoC_{i}$ .

$$SCCOP_{Cij} = \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_{j}}$$

 $CoC_{ij}$  represents the citation of core papers published by country i in Research Front j;  $CoC_j$  represents the citation of core papers in Research Front j.

A country's Share of Citations to Citing Papers in a Research Front (SCCiP<sub>Cij</sub>) indicates the percentage of  $CiC_{ij}$  in  $CiC_{j}$ .

$$SCCiP_{Cij} = \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

 $CiC_{ij}$  represents the citation of citing papers published by country i in Research Front j;  $CiC_j$  represents the citation of citing papers in Research Front j.

### 1.2.2 Research Leadership Index of a country in an area ( $RLI_{Cik}$ )

The Research Leadership Index of country i in area k  $(\text{RLI}_{Cik})$  is the summation of the Research Leadership Index of country i  $(\text{RLI}_{Cij})$  in n Research Fronts in area k. k is the one area, n is the total number of areas.

The formula for RLI<sub>Cik</sub> is as follows:

$$\mathrm{RLI}_{ik} = \mathrm{RFOI}_{\mathrm{C}ik} + \mathrm{RFII}_{\mathrm{C}ik} = = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

 $\text{RLI}_{\text{Cik}}$  equals the sum of the two indicators  $\text{RFOI}_{\text{Cik}}$  and  $\text{RFII}_{\text{Cik}}$ 

### (1) Research Fronts Output Index of a country in an area (RFOI<sub>Cik</sub>)

The Research Fronts Output Index of a country in an area  $(RFOI_{Cik})$  is the relative share of the number of papers (core and citing) contributed by a country to an area composed of n Research Fronts.  $RFOI_{Cik}$  is equal to the sum of the two indicators  $SCOP_{Cik}$  and  $SCiP_{Cik}$ .

$$\operatorname{RFOI}_{Cik} = \operatorname{SCoP}_{Cik} + \operatorname{SCiP}_{Cik} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Core Papers in an area (SCoP<sub>Cik</sub>) is as follows:

$$SCoP_{Cik} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Citing Papers in an area (SCiP<sub>Cik</sub>) is as follows:

$$\text{SCiP}_{Cik} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j}$$

### (2) Research Fronts Influence Index of a country in an area (RFII $_{Cik}$ )

The Research Fronts Influence Index of a country in an area (RFII<sub>Cik</sub>) is the relative share of the citation of papers (core and citing) contributed by a country to an area composed of n Research Fronts.  $RFII_{Cik}$  is equal to the sum of the two indicators  $SCCoP_{Cik}$  and  $SCCiP_{Cik}$ .

$$RFII_{Cik} = SCCoP_{Cik} + SCCiP_{Cik} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j} + \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Citations to Core Papers in an area (SCCoP $_{Cik}$ ) is as follows:

$$SCCoP_{Cik} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Citations to Citing Papers in an area (CiCS<sub>Cik</sub>) is as follows:

$$\text{SCCiP}_{Cik} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

#### **1.2.3 Research Leadership Index of a country in 11 broad research areas (RLI<sub>Ci</sub>)**

The Research Leadership Index of a country in 11 broad research areas ( $RLI_{Cil}$ ) represents the scores of  $RLI_{Cilk}$  of 11 broad research areas added together. The index is a comprehensive evaluation index to measure the degree of activity of a country based on its contribution to 11 broad research areas composed of 148 Research Fronts.

$$RLI_{Ci} = RFOI_{Ci} + RFII_{Ci}$$
$$= \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j} + \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j} + \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j} + \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

 $RLI_{Ci}$  is equal to the sum of the two indicators  $RFOI_{Ci}$  and  $RFII_{Ci}$ .

### (1) Research Fronts Output Index of a country in 11 broad research areas (RFOI<sub>ci</sub>)

The Research Fronts Output Index of a country in 11 broad research areas (RFOI<sub>Ci</sub>) is the sum of the relative share of the number of papers (core and citing) contributed by a country to 11 broad research areas comprising 148 Research Fronts. RFOI<sub>Ci</sub> is equal to the sum of the two indicators SCoP<sub>Ci</sub> and SCiP<sub>Ci</sub>.

$$RFOI_{Ci} = SCoP_{Ci} + SCiP_{Ci} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j} + \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Core Papers in 11 broad research areas (SCoP $_{Ci}$ ) is as follows:

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$$SCoP_{Ci} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoP_{ij}}{CoP_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Citing Papers in 11 broad research areas (SCiP $_{\rm Ci}$ ) is as follows:

$$\mathrm{SCiP}_{Ci} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiP_{ij}}{CiP_j}$$

### (2) Research Fronts Influence Index of a country in 11 broad research areas (RFII<sub>ci</sub>)

The Research Fronts Influence Index of a country in 11 broad research areas ( $RFII_{Ci}$ ) is the sum of the relative share of the citation of papers (core and citing) contributed by a country to 11 broad research areas

comprising 148 Research Fronts.  ${\sf RFII}_{\sf Ci}$  is equal to the sum of the two indicators  ${\sf SCCoP}_{\sf Ci}$  and  ${\sf SCCiP}_{\sf Ci}.$ 

$$RFII_{Ci} = SCCoP_{Ci} + SCCiP_{Ci} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j} + \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Citations to Core Papers in 11 broad research areas (SCCoP<sub>Ci</sub>) is as follows:

$$SCCoP_{Ci} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CoC_{ij}}{CoC_j}$$

The formula for a country's Share of Citations to Citing Papers in 11 broad research areas (SCCiP<sub>Ci</sub>) is:

$$SCCiP_{Ci} = \sum_{k=1}^{10} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \frac{CiC_{ij}}{CiC_j}$$



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### 2 Analysis of the RLI<sub>ci</sub> of Top countries

We measured the RLI<sub>ci</sub> of main countries for overall performance in 11 broad research areas comprising 148 Research Fronts, and ranked the top countries. The following highlights are noted.

## 2.1 The USA remains the most active, while the gap in $\mbox{RLI}_{\rm Ci}$ between China and the USA has narrowed

For 11 broad research areas comprising 148 Research Fronts, the USA is the most active, with an  $RLI_{ci}$  score of 226.63, ranking 1<sup>st</sup>. China ranks 2<sup>nd</sup> with a score of 151.29. The UK and Germany score 77.81 and 73.86, respectively, ranking 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup>. The RLIci scores for France, Canada, Australia, the Netherlands, Italy, and Spain register between 50.00 and 30.00, ranking those nations from 5<sup>th</sup> to 10<sup>th</sup>, with Japan (at 29.53) ranking 12<sup>th</sup>.

| USA         | 226.63 |
|-------------|--------|
| China       | 151.29 |
| UK          | 77.81  |
| Germany     | 73.86  |
| France      | 45.71  |
| Canada      | 44.04  |
| Australia   | 41.71  |
| Netherlands | 41.06  |
| Italy       | 38.09  |
| Spain       | 37.80  |
| Switzerland | 33.83  |
| Japan       | 29.53  |
| India       | 22.58  |
| Sweden      | 22.47  |
| South Korea | 21.79  |
| Denmark     | 17.57  |
| Brazil      | 17.38  |
| Belgium     | 15.58  |
| Russia      | 13.44  |
| Poland      | 13.27  |

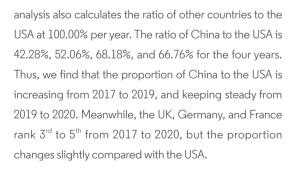
#### Fig 2. Research Leadership Index (RLI<sub>Ci</sub>) of Top 20 Countries in 11 broad research areas with 148 Research Fronts

Table 1 shows that the rank order for the three indicators  $RLI_{Ci}$ ,  $RFOI_{Ci}$  and  $RFII_{Ci}$  for the top four countries is the same. For the remaining countries, scores on the three indicators do not differ widely, although precise calculation ranks the nations from 5<sup>th</sup> to 20<sup>th</sup>.

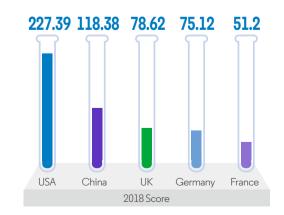
| Country   | RL     | I <sub>Ci</sub> | RFC    | OI <sub>ci</sub> | RF     | II <sub>ci</sub> |
|-----------|--------|-----------------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|
| Country   | Score  | Rank            | Score  | Rank             | Score  | Rank             |
| USA       | 226.63 | 1               | 119.58 | 1                | 107.04 | 1                |
| China     | 151.29 | 2               | 90.70  | 2                | 60.59  | 2                |
| UK        | 77.81  | 3               | 40.43  | 3                | 37.38  | 3                |
| Germany   | 73.86  | 4               | 37.54  | 4                | 36.32  | 4                |
| France    | 45.71  | 5               | 23.44  | 5                | 22.27  | 6                |
| Canada    | 44.04  | 6               | 21.66  | 6                | 22.38  | 5                |
| Australia | 41.71  | 7               | 20.31  | 8                | 21.40  | 7                |

| <b>O</b> sure three | RL    | .I <sub>ci</sub> | RF    | Ol <sub>ci</sub> | RF    | III <sub>ci</sub> |
|---------------------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------------------|
| Country             | Score | Rank             | Score | Rank             | Score | Rank              |
| Netherlands         | 41.06 | 8                | 20.10 | 9                | 20.95 | 8                 |
| Italy               | 38.09 | 9                | 20.41 | 7                | 17.68 | 10                |
| Spain               | 37.80 | 10               | 19.21 | 10               | 18.59 | 9                 |
| Switzerland         | 33.83 | 11               | 16.77 | 11               | 17.06 | 11                |
| Japan               | 29.53 | 12               | 16.17 | 12               | 13.35 | 12                |
| India               | 22.58 | 13               | 12.74 | 13               | 9.85  | 15                |
| Sweden              | 22.47 | 14               | 11.02 | 15               | 11.45 | 13                |
| South Korea         | 21.79 | 15               | 11.56 | 14               | 10.23 | 14                |
| Denmark             | 17.57 | 16               | 8.73  | 16               | 8.85  | 17                |
| Brazil              | 17.38 | 17               | 8.15  | 17               | 9.22  | 16                |
| Belgium             | 15.58 | 18               | 7.27  | 18               | 8.32  | 18                |
| Russia              | 13.44 | 19               | 6.91  | 19               | 6.53  | 21                |
| Poland              | 13.27 | 20               | 6.13  | 21               | 7.14  | 19                |

Table 2 compares the Research Leadership Index ( $RLI_{Ci}$ ) of the top five countries in 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020, and the proportion relative to the USA. The top five countries in the four years are completely the same. The USA scores 281.11, 227.39, 204.89, and 226.63, respectively in the four years, maintaining 1<sup>st</sup> place. China ranks 2<sup>nd</sup> with 118.84, 118.38, 139.68, and 151.29 points in four years, rising steadily, and the gap between China and the USA in  $RLI_{Ci}$  is gradually narrowing. The









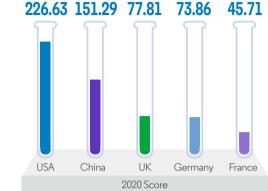


Table 2. Research Leadership Index (RLI<sub>ci</sub>) for Top 20 Countries in all\* broad research areas with Top Research Fronts, for each of four years, 2017 to 2020

|         | RLI <sub>ci</sub> |           |               |           |               |           |               |           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------|-------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Country | 2017<br>Score     | 2017<br>% | 2018<br>Score | 2018<br>% | 2019<br>Score | 2019<br>% | 2020<br>Score | 2020<br>% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| USA     | 281.11            | 100.00%   | 227.39        | 100.00%   | 204.89        | 100.00%   | 226.63        | 100.00%   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| China   | 118.84            | 42.28%    | 118.38        | 52.06%    | 139.68        | 68.18%    | 151.29        | 66.76%    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UK      | 96.9              | 34.47%    | 78.62         | 34.57%    | 80.85         | 39.46%    | 77.81         | 34.33%    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Germany | 90.98             | 32.36%    | 75.12         | 33.04%    | 67.52         | 32.95%    | 73.86         | 32.59%    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| France  | 60.08             | 21.37%    | 51.2          | 22.52%    | 46.30         | 22.60%    | 45.71         | 20.17%    |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 2.2 The USA is leading seven areas, while China has outstanding performance in four areas, but lags in two

For the 11 broad research areas, the USA's RL<sub>ICi</sub> scores are 1<sup>st</sup> in seven of the main areas (and by a notably wide margin), except for four areas: "Agricultural, plant and animal sciences", "Chemistry and materials science", "Mathematics", and "Information science". In all four of the latter, China ranks 1<sup>st</sup>. China ranks 2<sup>nd</sup> in three areas: "Ecology and environmental science", "Physics," and "Economics, psychology and other social sciences", with outstanding performance. China ranks 3<sup>rd</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> in two areas: "Biological science" and "Geosciences". China, however, ranks 12<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> in the areas of "Clinical medicine" and "Astronomy and astrophysics", showing that the nation still has ground to gain in those two broad specialties.

<sup>\*</sup> In Research Fronts 2017-2019, 21 ESI fields were classified into 10 broad research areas. In Research Fronts 2020, 21 ESI fields were classified into 11 broad research areas. The broader area of Mathematics, Computer Science and Engineering in previous reports has been split into two areas: Mathematics, and Information Science. The field of Engineering is no longer covered.

| nics,<br>ogy<br>her<br>es                                   | Rank      | Ч      | 2      | ю     | 4       | 12     | 6      | œ         | 9                                       | 11    | വ     | 18          | 19     | 13    | 16     | 17          | 36      | 7      | 23      | 47     | 43     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|---------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| Economics,<br>psychology<br>and other<br>social<br>sciences | Score     | 13.27  | 9.03   | 6.17  | 4.15    | 1.88   | 2.35   | 2.63      | 3.14                                    | 2.02  | 3.26  | 0.97        | 0.97   | 1.68  | 1.21   | 0.98        | 0.25    | 2.79   | 0.56    | 0.14   | 0.19   |
| e ij.                                                       | Rank S    | 2      | -      | м     | 11      | 10     | 4      | 9         | 21                                      | 19    | 16    | 6           | 12     | 7     | 29     | œ           | 14      | 35     | 36      | 32     | 40     |
| Information<br>science                                      | Score     | 9.27   | 14.97  | 4.77  | 1.52    | 1.57   | 3.83   | 2.23      | 0.45                                    | 0.51  | 0.55  | 1.74        | 1.35   | 2.03  | 0.25   | 1.87        | 0.88    | 0.17   | 0.14    | 0.20   | 0.08   |
|                                                             | Rank Sc   | 2      | 1 1    | 13 4  | 6 1     | 24 1   | 12 3   | 19 2      | 25 C                                    | 22 C  | 17 C  | 18 1        | 30 1   | 11 2  | 42 0   | 16 1        | 46 C    | 39 C   | 41 0    | 7 0    | 29 C   |
| Mathematics                                                 | Score R   | 10.42  | 15.98  | 0.98  | 2.01    | 0.42   | 1.28   | 0.51      | 0.41                                    | 0.47  | 0.58  | 0.53        | 0.28   | 1.33  | 0.12   | 0.76        | 0.09    | 0.16   | 0.13    | 1.69   | 0.32   |
|                                                             | Rank S    | Г<br>Г | 0      | 2     | 2       | 4      | 12 1   | 10 0      | 9                                       | 2     | 7 0   | 6           | 11 0   | 21 1  | 14 0   | 19 C        | 23 C    | 18 C   | 16 C    | 22 1   | 13 0   |
| Astronomy<br>and<br>astrophysics.                           | Score R   | 23.23  | 6.80   | 12.35 | 14.95   | 11.47  | 5.28   | 5.86      | 9.07                                    | 9.58  | 8.84  | 6.48        | 5.85   | 3.28  | 4.47   | 3.46        | 2.58    | 3.76   | 4.07    | 2.98   | 4.77   |
|                                                             | Rank S    | 1 2    | 2      | 6 1   | 4       | 9 1    | 11     | 17 5      | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | 2     | 12    | 2           | M      | 19    | 14 4   | 13          | 27 2    | 18     | 30 4    | 15 2   | 20 4   |
| Physics                                                     | Score R   | 19.14  | 12.43  | 3.36  | 6.22    | 2.68   | 2.47   | 1.43      | 2.85                                    | 2.94  | 2.34  | 3.75        | 6.34   | 1.04  | 1.78   | 2.32        | 0.49    | 1.40   | 0.45    | 1.68   | 0.91   |
| e s try                                                     | Rank S    | 2      | 1      | 9     | 4       | 11 2   | 13     | 7         | 6                                       | 16 2  | 18    | 14          | 10 (   | 12    | 21     | 5<br>L      | 28      | 32 ]   | 27 0    | 22 ]   | 30 (   |
| Chemistry<br>and<br>materials<br>science                    | Score R   | 14.73  | 39.49  | 1.88  | 2.81    | 1.13   | 0.91   | 1.60      | 1.22                                    | 0.58  | 0.42  | 0.84        | 1.16   | 1.05  | 0.22   | 2.14        | 0.09    | 0.07   | 0.10    | 0.16   | 0.08   |
|                                                             | Rank Sc   | 1 1    | 3 39   | 2 1   | 4 2     | 18 1   | 7 0    | 5 1       | 6 1                                     | 6     | 11 0  | 10 0        | 23 1   | 22 1  | 8      | 19 2        | 14 0    | 28 0   | 15 0    | 32 0   | 26 0   |
| Biological<br>science                                       | Score R   | 37.28  | 12.87  | 13.92 | 10.22   | 2.80   | 6.26   | 7.91      | 7.34                                    | 5.67  | 4.43  | 5.29        | 1.70 S | 2.18  | 6.05   | 2.56        | 3.58    | 1.28   | 3.31    | 0.82   | 1.37   |
|                                                             | Rank So   | 1 3.   | 12 15  | 2 10  | 3 10    | 4      | 5 6    | 6 7       | 7 7                                     | 6     | 8     | 11          | 10 1   | 25 2  | 14 6   | 19 2        | 13      | 15 1   | 20 3    | 21 0   | 18 1   |
| Clinical<br>medicine                                        | Score R   | 53.27  | 7.10   | 19.95 | 17.89   | 12.13  | 10.37  | 10.10     | 9.38                                    | 7.95  | 8.12  | 7.54        | 7.68   | 2.16  | 5.18   | 3.90        | 6.99    | 5.15   | 3.68    | 3.59   | 4.00   |
|                                                             | Rank S    | 1      | 2      | 3 1   | 4 1     | 2      | 6 1    | 9 1       | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | 10    | 2     | 11          | 14     | 16 2  | 17     | 20          | 21 6    | 32 5   | 22      | 27 3   | 42 4   |
| Geosciences                                                 | Score R   | 22.74  | 5.55   | 6.29  | 6.14    | 6.67   | 5.05   | 3.24      | 3.24                                    | 2.83  | 3.57  | 2.82        | 2.05   | 1.61  | 1.33   | 1.23        | 1.16    | 0.34   | 1.06    | 0.77   | 0.10   |
|                                                             | Rank So   | 1 22   | 2      | 9     | 9       | 0      | 9      | 2         | 10 3                                    | 14 2  | 11 3  | 7 2         | 21 2   | 4 1   | 13 1   | 19 1        | 22 1    | 26 0.  | 24 1.   | 28 0.  | 32 0   |
| Ecology and<br>environmental<br>science                     | Score Ra  |        |        |       |         |        |        |           |                                         |       |       |             |        |       |        |             |         |        |         |        |        |
|                                                             |           | 15.38  | 11.92  | 3.30  | 4.47    | 2.68   | 2.55   | 3.44      | 2.46                                    | 1.62  | 1.76  | 2.91        | .0.91  | 3.91  | 1.67   | .0.98       | 0.87    | 0.59   | 0.77    | 0.49   | 0.37   |
| Agricultural,<br>plant and<br>animal<br>sciences            | e Rank    | 2      | 6 1    | 1     | 7 7     | 8 11   | 9      | 6 1       | 3 15                                    | 4     | 1     | 5 20        | 4 17   | 1 10  | 1 42   | 9 14        | ) 27    | 5 13   | 2 16    | 21     | 3 19   |
|                                                             | < Score   | 7.90   | 15.16  | 4.84  | 3.47    | 2.28   | 3.70   | 2.77      | 1.48                                    | 3.93  | 3.91  | 0.96        | 1.24   | 2.31  | 0.21   | 1.59        | 09.0    | 1.65   | 1.32    | 0.93   | 1.08   |
| 11 broad<br>research areas                                  | Rank      |        | 2      | ю     | 4       | വ      | 9      | 7         | œ                                       | 6     | 10    | 11          | 12     | 13    | 14     | 15          | 16      | 17     | 18      | 19     | 20     |
| 11 k<br>resear                                              | Score     | 226.63 | 151.29 | 77.81 | 73.86   | 45.71  | 44.04  | 41.71     | 41.06                                   | 38.09 | 37.80 | 33.83       | 29.53  | 22.58 | 22.47  | 21.79       | 17.57   | 17.38  | 15.58   | 13.44  | 13.27  |
|                                                             | Countries | USA    | China  | NK    | Germany | France | Canada | Australia | Netherlands                             | Italy | Spain | Switzerland | Japan  | India | Sweden | South Korea | Denmark | Brazil | Belgium | Russia | Poland |

Table 3 The score and rank of  $\mathsf{RLl}_{\mathsf{ci}}$  and  $\mathsf{RLl}_{\mathsf{ck}}$  of Top20 Countries

Among the 110 hot Research Fronts and 38 emerging Research Fronts in 11 broad research areas, the USA ranks  $1^{st}$  in 79, accounting for 53.38% of the148 Research Fronts. China earns the top spot in 42 fronts, or 28.38%. The UK is tops in 10 Research Fronts, Germany ranks  $1^{st}$  in 4, while France can claim the top ranking in one front (Table 4).

Of the 11 broad research areas, "Mathematics", "Information science", "Chemistry and materials science", and "Agricultural, plant and animal sciences" are the four most advanced areas for China, with the country ranking 1<sup>st</sup> in more than 45.00% (87.50%, 60.00%, 50.00%, and 45.45%, respectively) of the Research Fronts within each of those four broad groupings, with proportions higher than those of the USA. In the area of "Ecology and environmental science", China ranks 1<sup>st</sup> in four Research Fronts while the USA registers 1<sup>st</sup> in five Research Fronts, so China underperforms the USA by a slight margin in this area. In the area of "Biological science", China ranks 1<sup>st</sup> in three Research Fronts, while the USA claims the top spot in 15 fronts, posting a considerable gap over China. Similar gaps are evident in "Physics" and "Economics, psychology and other social sciences", with China scoring 1<sup>st</sup> in two fronts in both those fields, while the USA registers 1<sup>st</sup> in 10 and six fronts, respectively. In the area of "Geoscience", China registers 1<sup>st</sup> in one Research Front, compared with the USA scoring first in eight, another significant difference in performance. Even more strikingly, China does not rank 1<sup>st</sup> in any of the fronts within "Clinical medicine" and "Astronomy and astrophysics", while the USA attains that mark in, respectively, 19 and 10 fronts – a substantial difference in performance between the two countries.

Compared with China, the USA accounts for 1<sup>st</sup>-place rankings in less than 20% of the Research Fronts in these four areas: "Chemistry and materials science", "Mathematics", "Information science", and "Agricultural, plant and animal sciences". Meanwhile, those four specialties are highly active in terms of Chinese representation.

In addition to the above three fields, the USA claims 1<sup>st</sup>place performance in more than 70.00% of the Research Fronts in each of these five areas: "Geoscience," "Clinical medicine," "Biological science," "Physics," "Astronomy and astrophysics," – the best showing among all countries.

In "Ecology and environmental sciences" and "Economics, psychology and other social sciences" the USA ranks  $1^{\rm st}$  in 45.45% and 46.15% of the Research Fronts.

The USA and China accounts for 1<sup>st</sup>-place rankings in about 80.00% of the 148 fronts in the 11 broad research areas, while the UK and Germany share about 10.00% of the total, and the other 10.00% is shared by 11 countries.

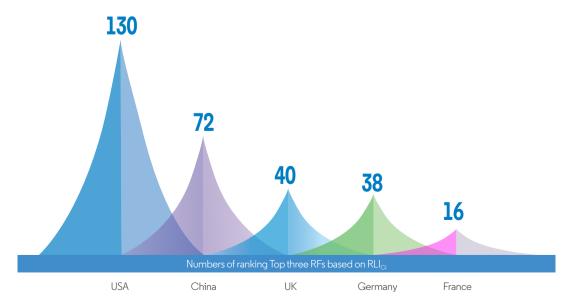
USA **79** China **42** UK **10** Germany **4** France **1** 

> Numbers of ranking 1<sup>st</sup> RFs based on RLI<sub>cs</sub>

|                                                 | Numbers |     | Number | s of r | anking 1 <sup>st</sup> R | RFs    |        |        | Ratios |         |        |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------|-----|--------|--------|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| Areas                                           | of RFs  | USA | China  | UK     | Germany                  | France | USA    | China  | UK     | Germany | France |
| 11 broad research areas<br>total                | 148     | 79  | 42     | 10     | 4                        | 1      | 53.38% | 28.38% | 6.76%  | 2.70%   | 0.68%  |
| Agricultural, plant and animal sciences         | 11      | 1   | 5      | 2      | 0                        | 0      | 9.09%  | 45.45% | 18.18% | 0.00%   | 0.00%  |
| Ecology and environmental sciences              | 11      | 5   | 4      | 1      | 0                        | 0      | 45.45% | 36.36% | 9.09%  | 0.00%   | 0.00%  |
| Geosciences                                     | 11      | 8   | 1      | 0      | 1                        | 0      | 72.73% | 9.09%  | 0.00%  | 9.09%   | 0.00%  |
| Clinical medicine                               | 24      | 19  | 0      | 3      | 0                        | 1      | 79.17% | 0.00%  | 12.50% | 0.00%   | 4.17%  |
| Biological sciences                             | 19      | 15  | 3      | 0      | 0                        | 0      | 78.95% | 15.79% | 0.00%  | 0.00%   | 0.00%  |
| Chemistry and materials science                 | 16      | 1   | 14     | 0      | 1                        | 0      | 6.25%  | 87.50% | 0.00%  | 6.25%   | 0.00%  |
| Physics                                         | 12      | 10  | 2      | 0      | 0                        | 0      | 83.33% | 16.67% | 0.00%  | 0.00%   | 0.00%  |
| Astronomy and astrophysics                      | 11      | 10  | 0      | 0      | 1                        | 0      | 90.91% | 0.00%  | 0.00%  | 9.09%   | 0.00%  |
| Mathematics                                     | 10      | 2   | 5      | 0      | 1                        | 0      | 20.00% | 50.00% | 0.00%  | 10.00%  | 0.00%  |
| Information science                             | 10      | 2   | 6      | 1      | 0                        | 0      | 20.00% | 60.00% | 10.00% | 0.00%   | 0.00%  |
| Economics, psychology and other social sciences | 13      | 6   | 2      | 3      | 0                        | 0      | 46.15% | 15.38% | 23.08% | 0.00%   | 0.00%  |

### Table 4. The numbers and ratios of the Research Fronts in which the respective Top 5 countries rank first, out of 148 fronts in 11 broad research areas (based on $RLI_{Ci}$ )

Among nations ranking among the top three performers in these Research Fronts (Table 5), the USA earns that distinction in 130 fronts, or 87.84%, China in 72 fronts (48.65%), the UK in 40, and Germany in 38. The latter two countries – although their percentages of top-three placements are lower than those of the USA and China – can each boast the achievement in 27.03% and 25.68% of the total number of Research Fronts.



| Areas                                           | Numbers |     |       |    | f ranking<br>e RFs |        |         |         | Ratios |         |        |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------|-----|-------|----|--------------------|--------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| Aleas                                           | of RFs  | USA | China | UK | Germany            | France | USA     | China   | UK     | Germany | France |
| 11 broad research areas<br>total                | 148     | 130 | 72    | 40 | 38                 | 16     | 87.84%  | 48.65%  | 27.03% | 25.68%  | 10.81% |
| Agricultural, plant and animal sciences         | 11      | 9   | 8     | 2  | 1                  | 0      | 81.82%  | 72.73%  | 18.18% | 9.09%   | 0.00%  |
| Ecology and environmental sciences              | 11      | 9   | 8     | 1  | 2                  | 2      | 81.82%  | 72.73%  | 9.09%  | 18.18%  | 18.18% |
| Geosciences                                     | 11      | 9   | 2     | 3  | 5                  | 4      | 81.82%  | 18.18%  | 27.27% | 45.45%  | 36.36% |
| Clinical medicine                               | 24      | 23  | 4     | 10 | 7                  | 5      | 95.83%  | 16.67%  | 41.67% | 29.17%  | 20.83% |
| Biological sciences                             | 19      | 17  | 6     | 9  | 6                  | 0      | 89.47%  | 31.58%  | 47.37% | 31.58%  | 0.00%  |
| Chemistry and materials science                 | 16      | 15  | 16    | 0  | 4                  | 1      | 93.75%  | 100.00% | 0.00%  | 25.00%  | 6.25%  |
| Physics                                         | 12      | 12  | 9     | 1  | 3                  | 0      | 100.00% | 75.00%  | 8.33%  | 25.00%  | 0.00%  |
| Astronomy and astrophysics                      | 11      | 11  | 0     | 5  | 7                  | 3      | 100.00% | 0.00%   | 45.45% | 63.64%  | 27.27% |
| Mathematics                                     | 10      | 6   | 5     | 1  | 1                  | 0      | 60.00%  | 50.00%  | 10.00% | 10.00%  | 0.00%  |
| Information science                             | 10      | 9   | 9     | 2  | 0                  | 0      | 90.00%  | 90.00%  | 20.00% | 0.00%   | 0.00%  |
| Economics, psychology and other social sciences | 13      | 10  | 5     | 6  | 2                  | 1      | 76.92%  | 38.46%  | 46.15% | 15.38%  | 7.69%  |

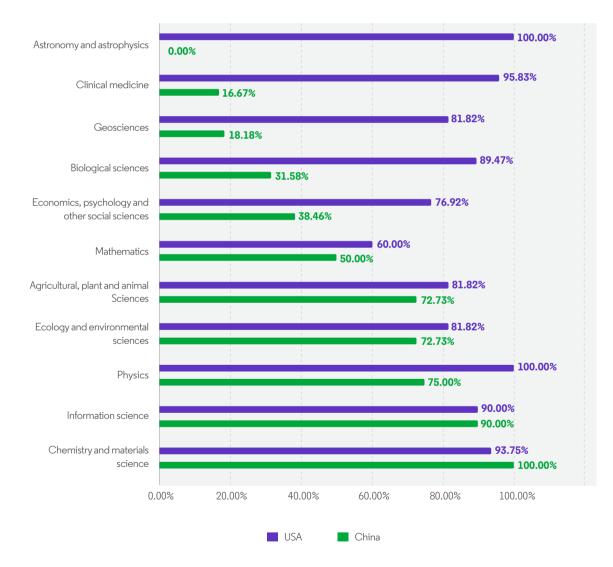
Table 5. The numbers and ratios of nations ranking among the top three performers in Research Fronts, among the Top 5 countries in 11 broad research areas with 148 Research Fronts (based on RLI<sub>Ci</sub>)

The USA makes the top three in more than 60% of the respective Research Fronts associated with all 11 broad research areas; they are higher than those in China (except for the area of "Chemistry and materials science"). That means the USA maintains a leading position in all areas. In the areas of "Physics" and "Astronomy and astrophysics," the USA ranks among the top three performers in 100% of the pertinent Research Fronts. This notably superior performance also carries over into "Clinical medicine," "Biological science" and "Information science" – all of the three areas in which the USA ranks among the top three in more than 90% of the Research Fronts. In "Agricultural, plant and animal sciences", "Ecology and environmental science" and "Geosciences", the USA accounts for 81.82%. In "Economics, psychology and other social sciences", the USA is 76.92%. Meanwhile, in the area of "Mathematics", the USA's proportion of topthree placements ratio accounts for 60.00%.

In "Mathematics", China posts an impressive performance, earning top-three spots in 50.00% of the Research Fronts. In Figure 3, with "Mathematics" as the middle point, China ranks among the top three in more than half of the Research Fronts in the five areas on the upper half of part Figure 3. China's ratio of top three fronts in the five areas on the lower half of Figure 3 are all below half.

In fact, comparatively speaking, China is the most active in the five areas on the upper half part of Figure 3, accounting for 100.00% of top-three placements in Research Fronts pertaining to "Chemistry and materials science", 90.00% in "Information science" and, respectively, 75.00%, 72.73% and 72.73% in "Physics", "Agricultural science, botany and zoology" and "Ecology and environmental science".

Among the five fields on the lower half part of Figure 3, in "Economics, psychology, and other social sciences" and "Biological science", China registers among the top three in 31.58% and 38.46% of the Research Fronts, respectively, and at 18.18% and 16. 67% in "Geosciences" and "Clinical medicine". But there are no top three fronts in "Astronomy and astrophysics".





The UK, meanwhile, places among the top three in 40.00%-50.00% of the Research Fronts in "Astronomy and astrophysics", "Clinical medicine", "Biological sciences" and "Economics, psychology and other social sciences". The UK ranks in the top three in 27.27% of Research Fronts in "Geosciences". These five areas are just the relatively weak areas in China. The proportion of the UK's top three in the other six areas is less than 20.00%, and the UK has no top-three showings in any fronts in the area of "Chemistry and materials science".

Germany ranks in the top three in 53.85% and 50.00% of Research Fronts in "Astronomy and astrophysics" and

"Physics". While not quite as prominent as the USA, the performance of the two nations is notable in these areas.

In the area of "Astronomy and astrophysics", Germany has the highest proportion of top three Research Fonts, accounting for 63.64%. The second is "Geosciences", with 45.45% of the front ranking in the top three. In the four areas of "Economics, psychology and other social sciences", "Clinical medicine", "Physics" and "Chemistry and materials science", Germany's top three fronts account for 25.00% - 31.58%. The other five areas account for less than 20.00%, of which Germany does not rank the top three in the field of "Information science".

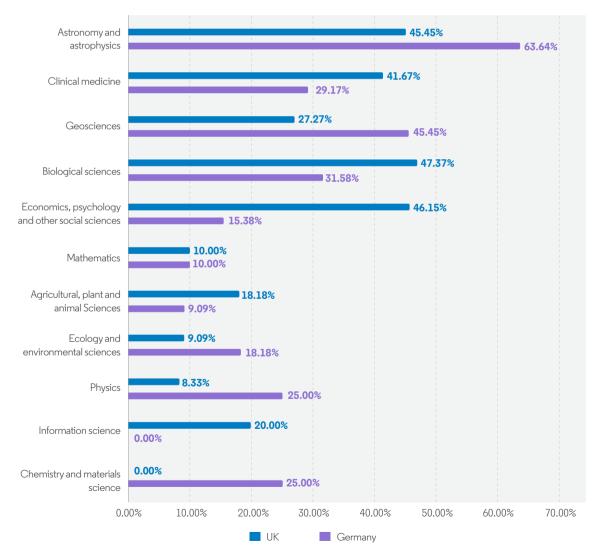


Fig 4. The ratios of Research Fronts in which the UK and Germany rank among the top three performers, in 11 broad research areas comprising 148 Research Fronts (based on RLI<sub>Ci</sub>)

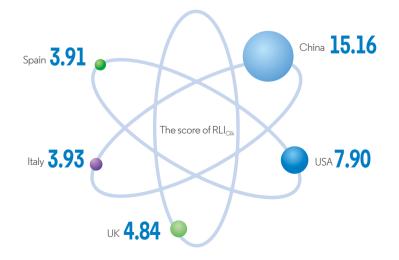
Research Fronts 2020: Active Fields, Leading Countries

# 3 Analysis of the Research Leadership Index (RLI<sub>Cik</sub>) of countries in different areas

This section highlights the scores and rankings obtained via the RLI<sub>Cik</sub> measurement, exploring the Research Front activity and influence of various countries in specific areas, and analyzing the respective sources of national vitality in scientific and technical innovation.

#### 3.1 AGRICULTURAL, PLANT AND ANIMAL SCIENCES: China jumps to 1<sup>st</sup>; The USA is 2<sup>nd</sup>; UK, Italy and Spain are the 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>

In the area of "Agricultural, plant and animal sciences," China is the most active according to its RLI<sub>Cik</sub> score of 15.16, ranking 1<sup>st</sup>. The USA scores 7.90, ranking 2<sup>nd</sup>. the UK scores 4.84 for 3<sup>rd</sup> place, followed by Italy and Spain. As can be seen from Table 6, the ranking according to RLI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> is the same as RLI<sub>Cik</sub> for China, the USA, and the UK. By contrast, the rankings for Italy and Spain vary slightly according to the RFII<sub>Cik</sub> indicators.



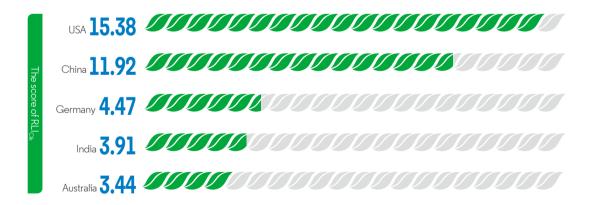
| Indicators          |       |      | Score |       |       |       |     | Rank |       |       |
|---------------------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|
| Indicators          | China | USA  | UK    | Italy | Spain | China | USA | UK   | Italy | Spain |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 15.16 | 7.90 | 4.84  | 3.93  | 3.91  | 1     | 2   | 3    | 4     | 5     |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 8.97  | 3.88 | 2.56  | 2.09  | 2.02  | 1     | 2   | 3    | 4     | 5     |
| $RFII_{Cik}$        | 6.19  | 4.02 | 2.28  | 1.84  | 1.89  | 1     | 2   | 3    | 5     | 4     |

Table 6. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Agricultural, plant and animal sciences"

#### 3.2 ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES: The USA is in the leading position; China is 2<sup>nd</sup>; Germany, India and Australia ranking 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>

In the area of "Ecology and environmental sciences" (Table 7), the USA scores 15.38 in  $RLI_{Cik}$ , ranking 1<sup>st</sup>, demonstrating the most activity. China scores 11.92, ranking 2<sup>nd</sup>. In third place is Germany, with its score of 4.47 significantly lower than the top two. India and Australia rank 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>.

The rank order of China, the USA, and Australia remains the same for all three indicators:  $RL_{ICik}$ ,  $RFOI_{Cik}$  and  $RFII_{Cik}$ , while the rankings of the  $RFOI_{Cik}$  indicator in Germany and India are inconsistent with the other two indicators.

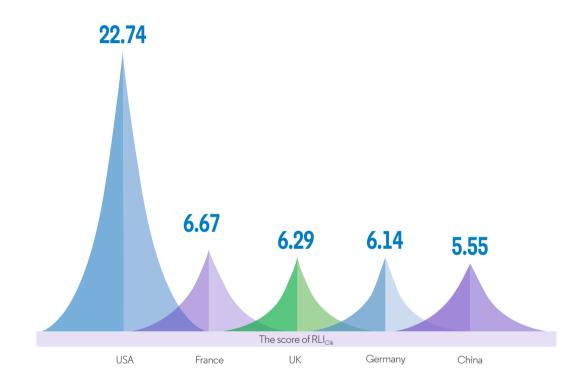


| Table 7. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI <sub>Cik</sub> , RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> and RFII <sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Ec | ology and |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| environmental sciences"                                                                                                                     |           |

| Indicators          |       |       | Score   |       |           |     | Rank  |         |       |           |  |  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-----------|-----|-------|---------|-------|-----------|--|--|
| Indicators          | USA   | China | Germany | India | Australia | USA | China | Germany | India | Australia |  |  |
| RLI <sub>Ci</sub> k | 15.38 | 11.92 | 4.47    | 3.91  | 3.44      | 1   | 2     | 3       | 4     | 5         |  |  |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 8.35  | 7.14  | 2.04    | 2.23  | 1.80      | 1   | 2     | 4       | 3     | 5         |  |  |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 7.03  | 4.78  | 2.44    | 1.68  | 1.64      | 1   | 2     | 3       | 4     | 5         |  |  |

#### 3.3 Geosciences: The USA is the most active, France, UK, Germany and China are 2<sup>nd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> with a significant gap with the USA

In the area of "Geosciences", the USA scores 22.74 in RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, ranking 1<sup>st</sup>, far ahead of other countries. France, the UK and Germany scored 6.67, 6.29 and 6.14 respectively, ranking 2<sup>nd</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup>, with a large gap compared to the USA. China scores 5.55, ranking 5<sup>th</sup>. As can be seen in Table 8, the USA and France rank in the same order according to all three indicators, while the other three countries are not completely consistent in their rankings.



#### Table 8. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Geosciences"

| la di satana        |       |        | Score |         |       |     | Rank   |    |         |       |  |
|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|---------|-------|-----|--------|----|---------|-------|--|
| Indicators          | USA   | France | UK    | Germany | China | USA | France | UK | Germany | China |  |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 22.74 | 6.67   | 6.29  | 6.14    | 5.55  | 1   | 2      | 3  | 4       | 5     |  |
| RFOI <sub>cik</sub> | 12.73 | 3.74   | 3.64  | 3.45    | 3.68  | 1   | 2      | 4  | 5       | 3     |  |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 10.01 | 2.93   | 2.65  | 2.70    | 1.87  | 1   | 2      | 4  | 3       | 6     |  |

#### 3.4 CLINICAL MEDICINE: The USA is far ahead; UK, Germany, France, and Canada rank 2<sup>nd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>; and China is in 12<sup>th</sup> place

In the area of "Clinical medicine", the USA scores 53.27 in RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, far ahead of other countries. The UK and Germany register at 19.95 and 17.89, respectively. France and Canada score 12.13 and 10.37, respectively, ranking 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>. China scores 7.10, ranking 12<sup>th</sup> and displaying a gap with other powers in this area. The respective rankings of the USA, UK, Germany, and France in RLI<sub>Cik</sub> are identical to that in RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub>.

China's placements vary slightly according to the three indicators: the country ranks the  $12^{th}$  in  $\text{REI}_{Cik}$ ,  $7^{th}$  in  $\text{RFOI}_{Cik}$ , and  $15^{th}$  in  $\text{RFII}_{Cik}$ , demonstrating that China currently lacks significant, high-impact achievements in this area.

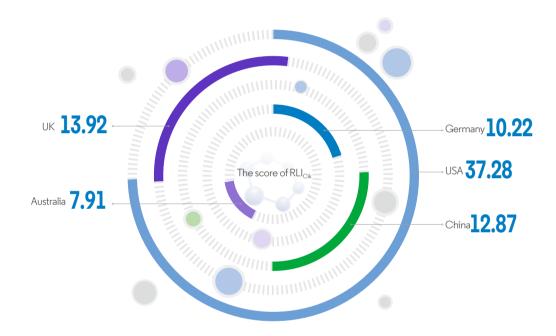


| Table 9. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI <sub>Cik</sub> , RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> and RFII <sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Clini | ical |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| medicine"                                                                                                                                      |      |

| la di satana        | Indicators |       |         |        |        |       |     |    | Rank    |        |        |       |  |  |  |
|---------------------|------------|-------|---------|--------|--------|-------|-----|----|---------|--------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| Indicators          | USA        | UK    | Germany | France | Canada | China | USA | UK | Germany | France | Canada | China |  |  |  |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 53.27      | 19.95 | 17.89   | 12.13  | 10.37  | 7.10  | 1   | 2  | 3       | 4      | 5      | 12    |  |  |  |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 27.25      | 9.68  | 8.91    | 5.82   | 4.45   | 4.50  | 1   | 2  | 3       | 4      | 9      | 7     |  |  |  |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 26.03      | 10.27 | 8.98    | 6.30   | 5.92   | 2.60  | 1   | 2  | 3       | 4      | 5      | 15    |  |  |  |

# **3.5 BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES:** The USA leads substantially, the UK is 2<sup>nd</sup>, and China, Germany, and Australia rank 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>

In the area of "Biological sciences", the USA scores 37.28 in RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, placing it 1<sup>st</sup>. The UK and China score roughly equally, 13.92 and 12.87 respectively, ranking 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup>. Germany and Australia score 10.22 and 7.91, respectively. The USA and Australia maintain the same rank order according to the three indicators, while the scores vary for the UK, China, and Germany.

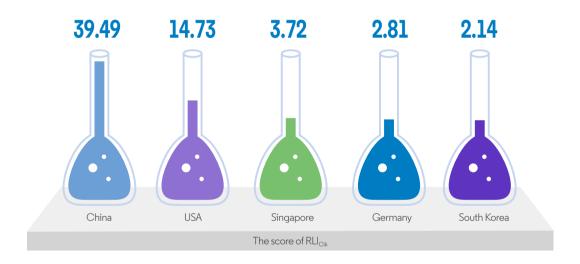




| la di set sus       | Score |       |       |         |           |     |    | Rank  |         |           |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-----------|-----|----|-------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Indicators          | USA   | UK    | China | Germany | Australia | USA | UK | China | Germany | Australia |  |  |  |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 37.28 | 13.92 | 12.87 | 10.22   | 7.91      | 1   | 2  | 3     | 4       | 5         |  |  |  |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 19.33 | 6.42  | 7.45  | 4.52    | 3.63      | 1   | 3  | 2     | 4       | 5         |  |  |  |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 17.95 | 7.50  | 5.43  | 5.70    | 4.28      | 1   | 2  | 4     | 3       | 5         |  |  |  |

# 3.6 CHEMISTRY AND MATERIALS SCIENCE: China's $\text{RLI}_{\text{Cik}}$ is 2.7 times as that of the USA; Singapore, Germany, and South Korea rank $3^{\text{rd}}$ to $5^{\text{th}}$

In the area of "Chemistry and materials science", China's RLI<sub>Cik</sub> score is 39.49, or 2.7 times that of the USA, earning China 1<sup>st</sup> place (Table 11). The USA scores 14.73, ranking 2<sup>nd</sup>. These scores indicate a significant activity gap between the USA and China. Compared with other countries, China and the USA are giants in this area. Singapore, Germany, and South Korea post marks of 3.72, 2.81, and 2.14 respectively, ranking 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>. The rankings based on the indicators RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> for the top five countries are exactly the same.



### Table 11. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Chemistry and materials science"

|                     | Score |       |           |         |                |       |     | Rank      |         |                |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------------|-------|-----|-----------|---------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Indicators          | China | USA   | Singapore | Germany | South<br>Korea | China | USA | Singapore | Germany | South<br>Korea |  |  |  |  |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 39.49 | 14.73 | 3.72      | 2.81    | 2.14           | 1     | 2   | 3         | 4       | 5              |  |  |  |  |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 23.01 | 7.14  | 1.97      | 1.40    | 1.18           | 1     | 2   | 3         | 4       | 5              |  |  |  |  |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 16.48 | 7.59  | 1.75      | 1.41    | 0.96           | 1     | 2   | 3         | 4       | 5              |  |  |  |  |

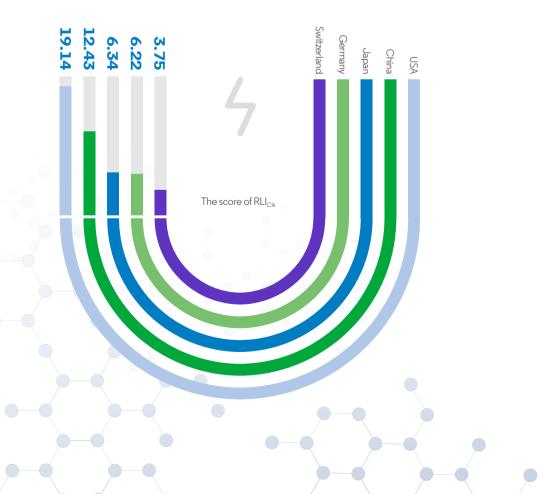
# 3.7 PHYSICS: The USA leads in all areas; China overtakes Japan for 2<sup>nd</sup> place; Germany and Switzerland are 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup>

In the area of "Physics", the USA posts the highest degree of activity with an  $RLI_{Cik}$  of 19.14, showing an overall leading trend. China scores 12.43, while Japan and Germany score closely together at 6.34 and 6.22, respectively. Switzerland, in 5<sup>th</sup> place, scores 3.75, far behind the top four.

The USA, China, and Switzerland rank the same across all three indicators, while the rankings of the  $\text{RFOl}_{Cik}$  indicator in Japan and Germany are inconsistent with the other two indicators.

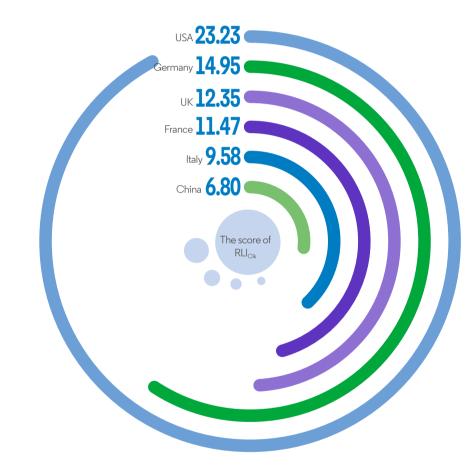
#### Table 12. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Physics"

| la di sata na       |       |       | Scor  | e       |             | Rank |       |       |         |             |  |  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|
| Indicators          | USA   | China | Japan | Germany | Switzerland | USA  | China | Japan | Germany | Switzerland |  |  |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 19.14 | 12.43 | 6.34  | 6.22    | 3.75        | 1    | 2     | 3     | 4       | 5           |  |  |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 10.12 | 8.05  | 3.35  | 3.58    | 1.93        | 1    | 2     | 4     | 3       | 5           |  |  |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 9.01  | 4.38  | 2.99  | 2.64    | 1.81        | 1    | 2     | 3     | 4       | 5           |  |  |



# **3.8 ASTRONOMY AND ASTROPHYSICS:** The USA has a dominant position; Germany, the UK, France, and Italy rank 2<sup>nd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>; and China ranks 8<sup>th</sup>

In the area of "Astronomy and astrophysics", the USA ranks  $1^{st}$ , with an  $RLI_{Cik}$  score of 23.23. Germany ranks  $2^{nd}$  with a mark of 14.95, with the UK  $3^{rd}$  at 12.35, followed by France (11.47) and Italy (9.58). China places  $8^{th}$  with a score of 6.80. Although China's performance is not outstanding, the country has made significant progress in the field, compared with last year's  $11^{th}$  and the year before last's  $19^{th}$  positions.





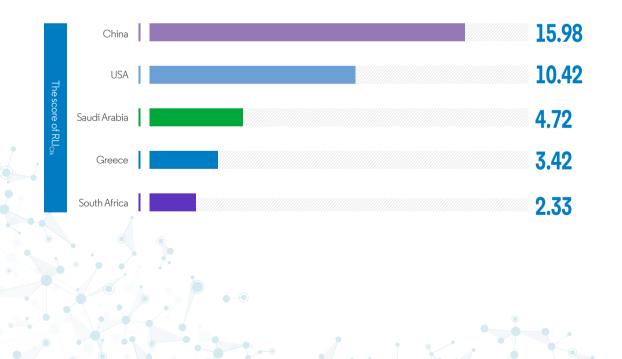
|                     |       |         | Sco   | ore    |       | Rank  |     |         |    |        |       |       |
|---------------------|-------|---------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-----|---------|----|--------|-------|-------|
| Indicators          | USA   | Germany | UK    | France | Italy | China | USA | Germany | UK | France | Italy | China |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 23.23 | 14.95   | 12.35 | 11.47  | 9.58  | 6.80  | 1   | 2       | 3  | 4      | 5     | 8     |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 13.24 | 7.74    | 6.50  | 5.81   | 4.78  | 3.39  | 1   | 2       | 3  | 4      | 5     | 8     |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 9.99  | 7.22    | 5.85  | 5.65   | 4.80  | 3.40  | 1   | 2       | 3  | 4      | 6     | 8     |

# **3.9 MATHEMATICS: China is the most active, the USA is 2<sup>nd</sup>, while Saudi Arabia, Greece, and South Africa are 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>**

In the area of "Mathematics", China achieves the most active performance and ranks 1<sup>st</sup>, with a score of 15.98. Meanwhile, the USA posts a score of 10.42, ranking 2<sup>nd</sup>. Saudi Arabia, Greece, and South Africa score 4.72, 3.42 and 2.33 respectively, ranking 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>. The rankings of the top 5 countries according to the three indicators are completely consistent.

#### Table 14. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Mathematics"

|                     |       |       | Score           |        |                 | Rank  |     |                 |        |                 |  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|-------|-----|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--|
| Indicators          | China | USA   | Saudi<br>Arabia | Greece | South<br>Africa | China | USA | Saudi<br>Arabia | Greece | South<br>Africa |  |
| $RLI_{Cik}$         | 15.98 | 10.42 | 4.72            | 3.42   | 2.33            | 1     | 2   | 3               | 4      | 5               |  |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 9.78  | 5.34  | 2.84            | 2.11   | 1.26            | 1     | 2   | 3               | 4      | 5               |  |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 6.20  | 5.07  | 1.88            | 1.31   | 1.06            | 1     | 2   | 3               | 4      | 5               |  |



#### 3.10 INFORMATION SCIENCE: China is the most active, while the USA is in the 2<sup>nd</sup> place; the UK, Canada and Singapore rank 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>

In this area of "Information science", China demonstrates the highest level of activity, earning  $1^{st}$  place with an RLI<sub>Cik</sub> score of 14.97. The USA posts a mark of 9.27, ranking  $2^{nd}$ . The UK, Canada and Singapore score 4.77, 3.83 and 2.67, ranking  $3^{rd}$  to  $5^{th}$ , respectively. The rankings based on the three indicators for the top five countries are exactly the same.

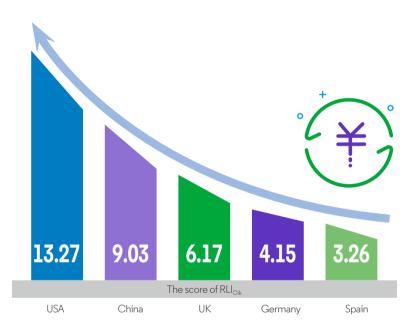


Table 15. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Information science"

| Indicators          |       |      | Score |        | Rank      |       |     |    |        |           |
|---------------------|-------|------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-----|----|--------|-----------|
| Indicators          | China | USA  | UK    | Canada | Singapore | China | USA | UK | Canada | Singapore |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 14.97 | 9.27 | 4.77  | 3.83   | 2.67      | 1     | 2   | 3  | 4      | 5         |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 9.32  | 4.92 | 2.51  | 1.74   | 1.40      | 1     | 2   | 3  | 4      | 5         |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 5.64  | 4.35 | 2.27  | 2.09   | 1.27      | 1     | 2   | 3  | 4      | 5         |

#### 3.11 ECONOMICS, PSYCHOLOGY AND OTHER SOCIAL SCIENCES: We find that the USA has advantages, while China is in 2<sup>nd</sup> place, rising steadily; the UK, Germany and Spain rank 3<sup>rd</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>

In this area of "Economics, psychology and other social sciences", the USA demonstrates the highest level of activity, earning  $1^{st}$  place with an RLI<sub>Cik</sub> score of 13.27. China posts a mark of 9.03, ranking  $2^{nd}$ . The UK, Germany and Spain score 6.17, 4.15, and 3.26, ranking  $3^{rd}$  to  $5^{th}$ , respectively. The USA, China, the UK, and Germany rank exactly the same on the three indicators.



### Table 16. The score and rank of Top 5 countries based on RLI<sub>Cik</sub>, RFOI<sub>Cik</sub> and RFII<sub>Cik</sub> in the area of "Economics, psychology and other social sciences"

| Indicators          | Rank  |       |      |         |       |     |       |    |         |       |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|---------|-------|-----|-------|----|---------|-------|
| Incicators          | USA   | China | UK   | Germany | Spain | USA | China | UK | Germany | Spain |
| RLI <sub>Cik</sub>  | 13.27 | 9.03  | 6.17 | 4.15    | 3.26  | 1   | 2     | 3  | 4       | 5     |
| RFOI <sub>Cik</sub> | 7.28  | 5.40  | 3.79 | 2.17    | 1.93  | 1   | 2     | 3  | 4       | 5     |
| RFII <sub>Cik</sub> | 5.99  | 3.63  | 2.38 | 1.98    | 1.33  | 1   | 2     | 3  | 4       | 6     |



#### Planner:

Jiaofeng PAN Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences

#### Indicators designer:

Fuhai LENG Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences

#### Data analyst and Report writer:

Qiuju ZHOU Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences

#### **English reviewer:**

Qiuju ZHOU Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences Weiping YUE, Christopher M. KING Clarivate

#### Gate-keeper:

Fuhai LENG, Fan YANG Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences Weiping YUE Clarivate

#### **Consultant:**

Feng ZHANG, Qing LIU Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences Li GUO Clarivate



Institutes of Science and Development, Chinese Academy of Sciences No.15 ZhongGuanCunBeiYiTiao Alley, Haidian District, Beijing P. R. China 100190 http://www.casisd.cn/

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